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Friday, July 1st, 10:15 - 10:50

ABOUT ME



DR. VILIUS BENETIS

Member of NRD CIRT

ABOUT DR. VILIUS BENETIS

Dr. Vilius Benetis specializes in security operations build-out:

 CSIRT/SOCs incident response capability establishment or modernization for nations, regions, sectors and organizations

Dr. Benetis is also a researcher and contributor to FIRST.Org's CSIRT Services Framework and CIS Controls. He advocates SIM3 and SOC-CMM models for CSIRT/SOC modernization and Oxford's CMM model for national cybersecurity capacity building.

Vilius Benetis graduated from Kaunas University of Technology (KTU), with BSc in Computer Science as well as MSc and PhD in Teletraffic Engineering from Danish Technical University, and currently serves as a cybersecurity industry professor at KTU.

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

- CSIRT/SOC establishment
- Cybersecurity resilience/governance (CII)

CREDENTIALS AND MEMBERSHIPS IN PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

- CISA, CRISC, board m. ISACA Lithuania
- ITU-D, GFCE WG-B CIM, NECC
- Certified SIM3 Auditor





YOU?

1. CSIRT/SOC

- 1. Manager
- 2. Incident handler
- 3. Other role
- 2. Consultant
- 3. Vendor
- 4. Other



We are based in Lithuania



FOCUS

Cybersecurity operations build-out, incident detection and handling, establishment and support of CSIRT / SOC and cyber capacity enhancement / modernization for organizations, sectors and nations

CUSTOMERS

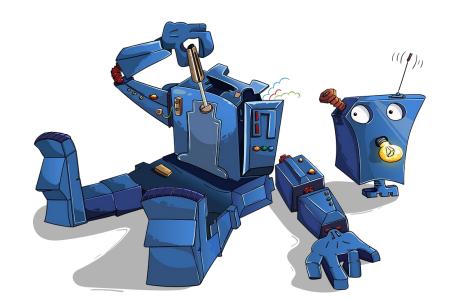
Governments, public and private sector organizations





Modernization of CSIRTs and SOCs

- CSIRTs and SOCs are increasingly expected to work as professional and effective organizations
 - which can reflect on own performance and improvement.
- Such expectation is not easy to fulfill for many teams around the world.







Learning objectives

- 1. How to plan annual review and improvement activities, based on examples
- 2. How to tune mandate -> service model -> processes -> KPIs for effective & balanced outcome
- 3. How to model competences of CSIRT and SOC teams via service model use
- 4. Inspiration how to manage the team more effectively





Lifecycle of CSIRT / SOC growth

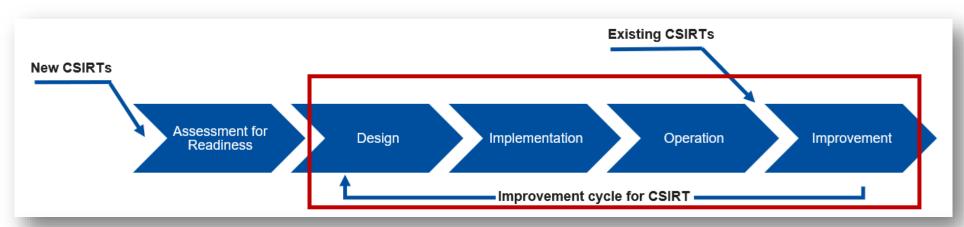
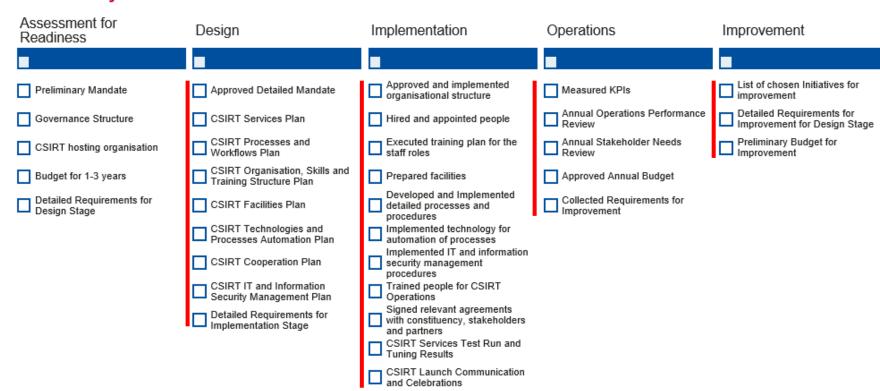
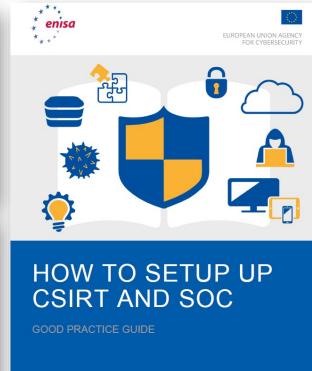


Figure 2 Summary of CSIRT Establishment Outcomes





Authored by NRD Cyber Security team

DECEMBER 2020



How CSIRT/SOCs mature into well performing teams:

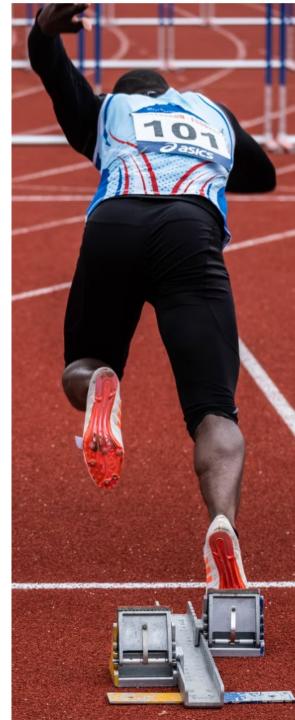
- 1. Managing maturity and preparing the roadmaps for modernization:
 - 1. SIM3 (by OCF, backed by FIRST.org, ENISA, GFCE)
 - 2. SOC-CMM (by Rob van Os)
- 2. Review the mandate and strategy via assessments of stakeholder needs / resources to adjust direction of operations and focus.
- **3. Review CSIRT / SOC services** model (against FIRST.org CSIRT/PSIRT Services Model, SOC-CMM) clarifying priority services, and allocated resources.
- **4.** Review KPIs model of services delivery

for improved tracking of CSIRT / SOC operational performance. Improve the automation of the workflows of services.

5. Reviewing the skills and competences model of the organization to improve training plans for the staff positions, based on ENISA, FIRST CSIRT Services Competence model, NIST-NICE, and other work.

to improve training plans for the staff positions (CSIRT Manager training, CSIRT Technical Analyst trainings, ..)

6. ..and more...

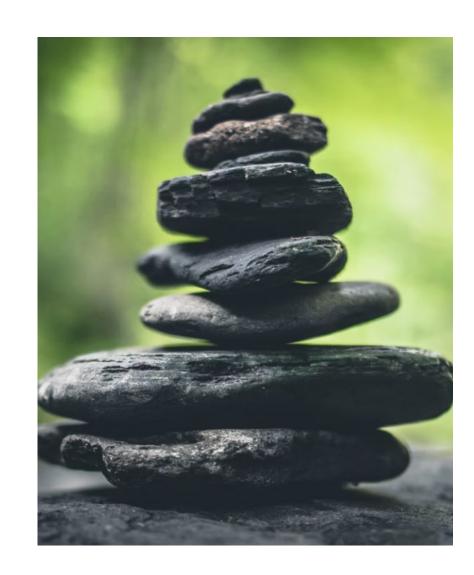




I.e. good practices of CSIRT / SOC

- Clear SOC Governance Model:

 Focus on stakeholders needs, clear mandate and CSIRT
 / SOC services implementation
- 2. Extensive use of consolidated knowledge: SIM3, FIRST.org services model, SOC-CMM, RSIT taxonomy, setup guides, membership in FIRST.org, TF-CSIRT, ...
- 3. Balance resources:
 Processes People Technology
- 4. Valuable and applicable KPIs:
 KPIs should create actionable value





1. Clear SOC Governance Model: stakeholder needs



- 1. How to reduce negative overall impact of cyber incidents?
- 2. When attack hits:
 is there a skilled team ready to respond and handle cyber-incidents using well known and internationally accepted Incident Response method?
- 3. Cyber crime is international: is your team trusted by international community to provide support during your investigations?



Cyber-law, -Strategy

Cyber-Defense

Cybercrime laws (+Budapest conv)

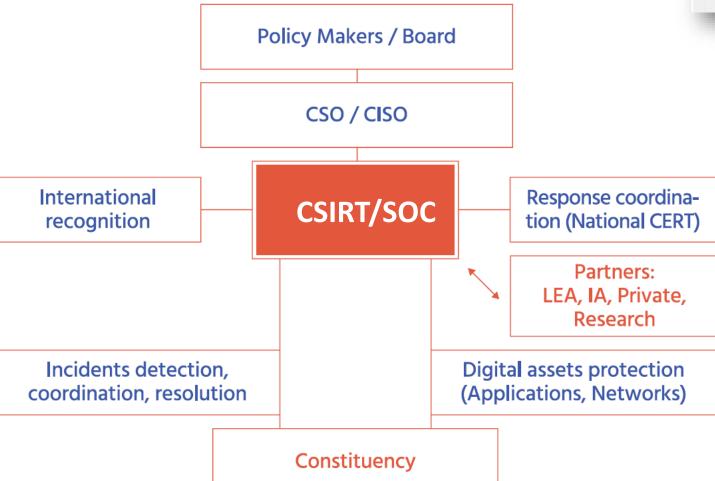
Critical Information
Infrastructures

Cyber-diplomacy

Cyber-literacy

National Cyber Capacity

1. Clear SOC Governance Model: positioning and mandate







1. Clear SOC Governance Model: FIRST.org Services Model Framework

- Information Security Incident Report Acceptance
- Information Security Incident Analysis
- Artifact and Forensic Evidence Analysis
- Mitigation and Recovery
- Information Security Incident Coordination
- Crisis Management Support



Information Security **Incident Management**

- Monitoring and Detection
- Event Analysis



Information Security **Event Management**

SERVICE **AREAS**

Vulnerability Management

- Awareness Building
- Training and Education
- Exercises
- Technical and Policy Advisory



Knowledge Transfer



- Data Acquisition
- Analysis and Synthesis

Vulnerability Discovery/Research

Vulnerability Report Intake

Vulnerability Coordination

Vulnerability Analysis

Vulnerability Disclosure

Vulnerability Response

Communication





Basic activities for value

CSIRT

- · Information Security Incident Report Acceptance
- · Information Security Incident Analysis
- Artifact and Forensic Evidence Analysis
- · Mitigation and Recovery
- · Information Security Incident Coordination
- · Crisis Management Support

Information Security Incident Management

- · Monitoring and Detection
- · Event Analysis

Information Security Event Management

SERVICE AREAS

- · Awareness Building
- Training and Education
- Exercises
- Technical and Policy Advisory

Knowledge Transfer



Data Acquisition

Management

· Analysis and Synthesis

· Vulnerability Discovery/Research

· Vulnerability Report Intake

Vulnerability Coordination

Vulnerability Disclosure

Vulnerability Response

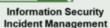
Vulnerability Analysis

Communication

Situational Awareness

SOC

- · Information Security Incident Report Acceptance
- · Information Security Incident Analysis
- · Artifact and Forensic Evidence Analysis
- · Mitigation and Recovery
- · Information Security Incident Coordination
- · Crisis Management Support



- · Monitoring and Detection
- · Event Analysis

Information Security Event Management

- **SERVICE AREAS**
- Awareness Building
- Training and Education
- Exercises
- Technical and Policy Advisory



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 Data Acquisition · Analysis and Synthesis

Vulnerability

Management

Communication

Vulnerability Discovery/Research

· Vulnerability Report Intake

· Vulnerability Coordination

· Vulnerability Disclosure

Vulnerability Response

· Vulnerability Analysis







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NEW!: FIRST.org CSIRT Services Roles and Competences v0.9 (CSIRT SIG, 76p report)

- Communication Liaison *
- Incident Analyst *
- Incident Responder
- Incident Triage Coordinator *
- IT Administrator
- Malware / Forensic Analyst 3



Information Security Incident Management

- Data Manager
- Incident Analyst 3
- Incident Triage Coordinator *
- System and Sensor Administrator
- Use Case Manager



Information Security **SERVICE** Event Management **AREAS**

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Knowledge

Transfer







- Awareness Coordinator
- Policy Advisor
- Risk & Continuity Advisor *
- Staff Developer
- Technical Policy Advisor
- Training Developer
- Training Instructor



- Situational Awareness
- Communication Liaison * Risk Analyst / Risk & Continuity Advisor *

Incident Analyst 3

Vulnerability Analyst

IT Security Administrator

Vulnerability Coordinator

Vulnerability Researcher

Malware/Forensic Analyst *

Vulnerability Assessment Analyst

Vulnerability Triage Coordinator

Vulnerability Disclosure Coordinator

- Situational Awareness Data Analyst
- Situational Awareness Manager
- Threat Warning Analyst

Contributors - many usual suspects:

Klaus-Peter, Shin, Olivier, Cristine, Baiba, Franz, Samuel, Louis, Robin, Don, Edgars, Sanita, Mark, Vilius

Location: https://www.first.org/global/sigs/csirt/

5.2.2 General Tasks

- Analyze and understand information security events, potential and confirmed information security
- Assess the potential and actual impacts and damages
- Analyze incidents to identify root cause and impact
- Conduct cross-incidents analysis
- Analyze media and perform surface analysis of artifacts
- Discover incident-related vulnerabilities used by attacks
- Identify and correlate, when appropriate, distinct but possibly related security events and/or incidents to better understand the context of the incident in a bigger picture

5.2.3 Associated Functions from the FIRST CSIRT Services Framework

- Service Area: Information Security Event Management
 - Event Analysis
 - Correlation (5.2.1)
- Service Area: Information Security Incident Management
 - o Information Security Incident Report Acceptance:
 - Information Security Incident Root Cause Analysis (6.2.4)
 - Cross-Incident Correlation (6.2.5)
 - Artifact and Forensic Evidence Analysis:
 - Media or Surface Analysis (6.3.1)
- · Service Area: Vulnerability Management
 - Vulnerability Discovery/Research:
 - Incident Response Vulnerability Discovery (7.1.1)

5.2.4 Generic Competencies

- Professional
 - Conflict Management (C009)
 - Critical Thinking (C011)
 - Oral Communication (C036)
 - Written Communication (C060)
- Technical
 - Problem Solving (C040)

5.2.5 Role-Specific Competencies

- Operational
 - Data Privacy and Protection (C014)
 - External Awareness (C019)
 - Legal, Government, and Jurisprudence (C030)
 - Organizational Awareness (C037)
- Technical
 - Computer Forensics (C005)

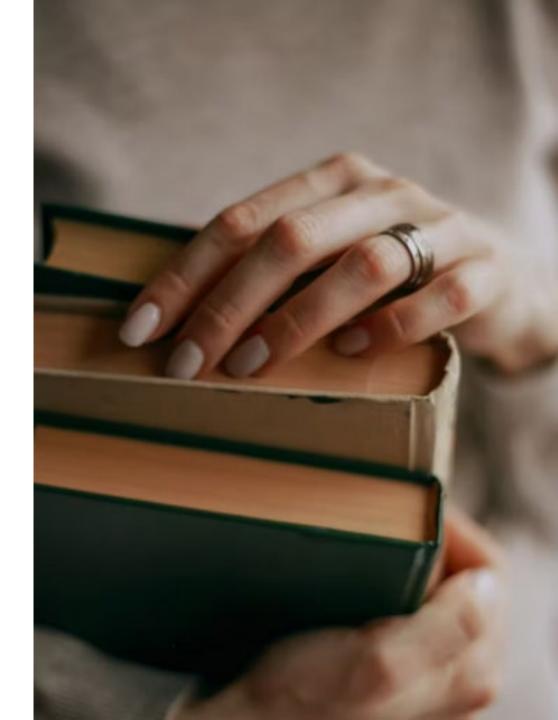
role defined for multiple service areas



2. Extensive use of consolidated knowledge

There is plenty of very specific CSIRT / SOC working knowledge. Are you utilising it?

- 1. SIM3 for maturity of CSIRT / SOC organisation
- 2. FIRST.org services model and competences model for services construction
- 3. RSIT incident taxonomy (available on ENISA's github) for classifying cybersecurity incidents
- 4. SOC-CMM for detail diagnostics and long term operational improvement
- 5. ENISA, OAS, Thai-CERT setup guides for directing and getting ideas on improvements
- 6. Membership in FIRST.org, TF-CSIRT for accessing tacit knowledge of peer-experts





3. Balance resources placed into CSIRT / SOC

How do you know that you balance \$\$\$ investment?

Processes Probably - processes are not tuned to optimum

- PeopleProbably lack of skills and hands
- 3. Technology
 Usually not fully utilized what is acquired





4. Valuable and applicable KPIs

Each measured KPI must have short (month) or long (year) actionable value - linked to services and mandate.

Bad KPIs:

Number of incidents - does not create any value

Connected KPIs:

- Time-to-respond metric kept under threshold (Response)
- Errors in use-cases and human analysis are kept under threshold (Detect)
- Coverage of monitored systems is kept under a threshold (Monitoring scope)

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KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPI) CSIRT SERVICES DASHBOARD

CSIRT Dashboard for the monthly report

For: 2019 _____

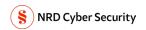
Service	KPI	KPI objective	Reported value
Incident handling			
	Number of opened	Total number	
	incidents (per priority Px)	more than 0	
	Incidents registered –	statistics	Appendix 1.
	aggregated from daily	aggregated by first	
	reports	working day of	
		next month	
	Statistics on which	>0, as proper	
	Constituency opened	working	
	tickets	relationship would	
		record some	
		incidents	
	Total number of	Long term –	
	outstanding not closed	should not	
	incidents in tracking system	increase	
	Percentage of incidents	<5%	
	with breached initial		
	response SLA (per priorities)		

Service	KPI	KPI objective	Reported value
Incident analysis			
	Number of confirmed complains (internal or external) about the quality, presentation, or professionalism of analysis		
	Quarterly drills conducted for analysts	Should be done in each quarter	
Incident mitigation			
	Percentage of closed tickets with successfully resolved status		
	Number of mitigated critical incidents with breached mitigation action's SLA	zero	
Artifact analysis	Number of artifact analysis which have breached reporting SLA		
Information Sharing and Publication			
	Number of website alerts and news	Not less than 3 in total	
	Unique total and visitors on CSIRT website	Long term should be growing	
	Quarterly report has been published, date	No later than the first week of newQ	
	Yearly report has been published, date	No later than 1st of Feb of new year	
Security awareness rising			
	Total number of events, meetings and trainings with external participation, organized by CSIRT (and number of Internal meetings with constituency)	>0	



DIFFERENT CSIRT/SOC STACKS

	Mini	Basic	Effective	Full Scale
Governance (R)	Mandate definition FIRST.org membership Roadmap & Strategy	Mandate definition FIRST.org membership Roadmap & Strategy	 Mandate definition FIRST.org membership Roadmap & Strategy Orgchart buildout 	Mandate definition FIRST.org membership Roadmap & Strategy Orgchart buildout
People (A-A)	Featured CSIRT training Limited remote support	 Relevant CSIRT training Remote support SOPs Study mission tours 	 Relevant CSIRT training Remote support SOPs Study mission tours 	 Relevant CSIRT training On-site and remote support SOPs Study mission tours
Processes and services	Incident handling service Incident handling process	 Incident handling and outreach Infrastructure support Standard reporting 	 Incident handling, outreach, digital forensics, vulnerability management Process automation Infrastructure support Standard reporting 	Full scale CSIRT/SOC services Process automation Automated custom reporting Maturity progress assessment Infrastructure support
Measurements	A few KPIs No SLAs	Basic KPIs SLAs for processes	KPIs system SLAs for processes SIM3 successful audit	KPIs system SLAs for services and automation Annual reviews, SOC-CMM L3 C1.5
Technological (\$00)	Incident registration and handling PGP	Incident registration and handling Outreach and visualization portal Internal support, PGP Simple vulnerability assessment	 Incident detection and handling Outreach and visualization portal Internal support, PGP Simple vulnerability assessment Simple video wall Simple threat intelligence Simple digital forensics Simple integration with ex. tooling Situational awareness 	Incident detection and handling Outreach and visualization portal Internal support, PGP Vulnerability assessment Video wall Threat intelligence Digital Forensics Integration with existing tooling Situational awareness and EWS Multi-site sensing at CII
Local resources	2-5 people	5-10 people	7-15 people	15-45 people
Duration (i)	9 months	12 months	12-24 months	24-36 months



Let's talk!

- 1. independent CSIRT/SOC assessments
 How to identify current state and maturity, and issues & build roadmap, run professional CSIRT/SOC audits
- 2. Tune mandate, service model, processes, KPIs
- 3. Prepare your staff, or excel as CSIRT/SOC manager



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